

## **Chapter 20**

### **Charitable Gift Annuities**

A charitable gift annuity (CGA) is a transfer by a donor to a charitable organization. In return, the donor receives an annuity payable over one or two lives. If the actuarial value of the annuity is less than the value of the property transferred, then the difference in value constitutes a charitable deduction for federal tax purposes. CGAs are not investments. Annuity payments are tax-free partial returns of the donor's gift based on actuarial tables of life expectancy.

To qualify as a charitable organization under the federal law, the entity must be one described in either Section 501(c)(3) or Section 170(c) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC).

The maximum rates of return that are typically paid on these uninsured annuities are established by the American Council on Gift Annuities (ACGA).

Gift annuity payments are fixed. They never go down or up. CGAs are not insured. A charity could become insolvent and be unable to make annuity payments. Most gift annuities are not protected by any state guaranty fund.

The NAIC has adopted two models to regulate CGAs. The *Charitable Gift Annuities Model Act* (#240) contains a detailed licensing scheme for CGAs. The *Charitable Gift Annuities Exemption Model Act* (#241) calls for a simplified registration mechanism.